



TASMANIAN ENERGY SECURITY

MONITOR AND ASSESSOR

Monthly Dashboard



November 2023 edition

Report on energy in storage levels and energy security assessment for mainland Tasmania as at 6 November 2023.

Status

- Energy in storage is above the Prudent Storage Level.
- Energy in storage is equivalent to 8 months average seasonal demand.[^]
- Risk response: Normal - commercial operation of Hydro Tasmania generation.
- Hydro Tasmania reports that storages remain above the High Reliability Level over the next 120 days in all of its simulated inflow sequences.

Water storage situation

As at 6 November 2023 (GWh)	System	PSL	HRL
Energy in storage (EIS)	6 917	5 890	4 692
Percentage full supply [#]	47.9%	40.8%	32.5%
Total October yield [~] (GWh)	638		

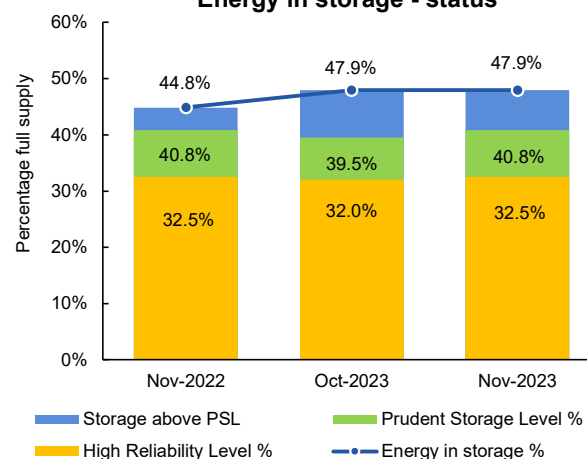
Comparison

Previous month (as at 2 October 2023) (GWh)	6 918
Change from last month (GWh)	0.0% ↓
Change from November last year (GWh)	6.9% ↑

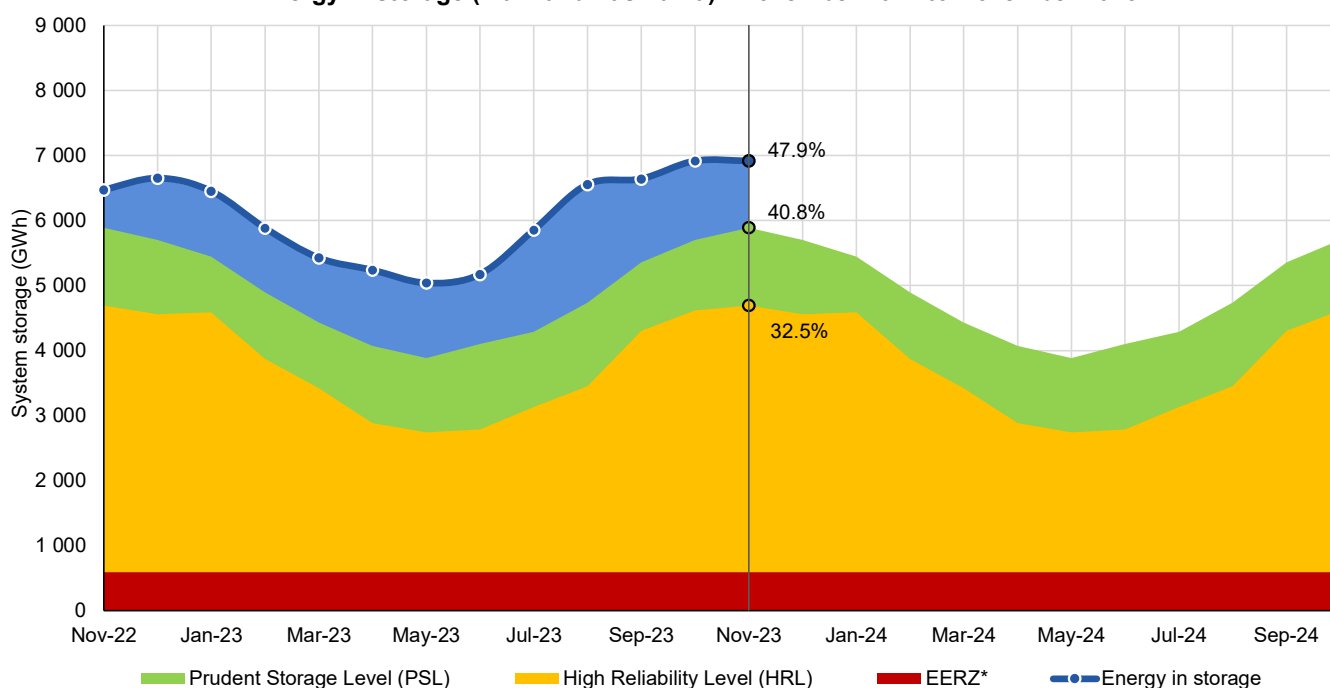
Energy security assessment

No additional monitoring activities required.

Energy in storage - status



Energy in storage (mainland Tasmania) - November 2022 to November 2023



[^] Average seasonal demand for the energy in storage equivalent is approximately 865 GWh per month.

[#] Total system supply is 14 437 GWh (excludes Lake Gairdner, Lake Margaret and Lake Plimsoll).

[~] Inflows for the calendar month minus losses due to evaporation.

* System storage associated with Great Lake Environmental Extreme Risk Zone (EERZ).

HRL = High Reliability Level (threshold to which reserve water is held for energy security purposes, where the reserve is sufficient to withstand a six month Basslink outage coinciding with a very low inflow sequence, and avoid extreme environmental risk for Great Lake).

PSL = Prudent Storage Level (additional storage to result in a low likelihood of entering the HRL under normal operating conditions).

EIS = Energy in storage (the volume of water available for electricity generation in Hydro Tasmania's dams as a percentage of full supply).

October 2023 generation (mainland Tasmania)

Consumption

Tasmanian monthly consumption 879.4 GWh

Renewable generation

Hydro generation 585.8 GWh

Wind generation 177.2 GWh

Gas generation

Operational

Gas generation 3.4 GWh

Basslink interconnector

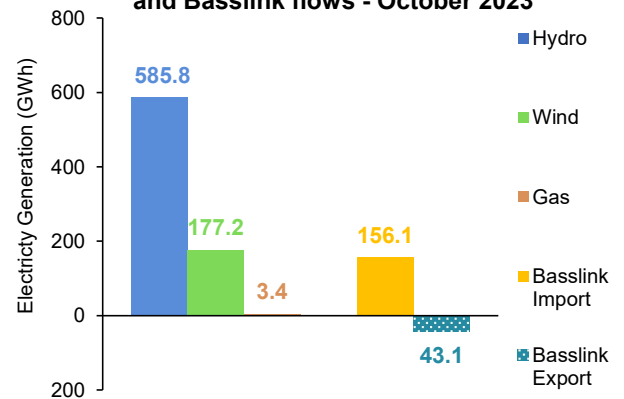
Operational

Basslink imports 156.1 GWh

Basslink exports 43.1 GWh

Basslink net imports 113.0 GWh

Energy generation mix and Basslink flows - October 2023



Energy security outlook

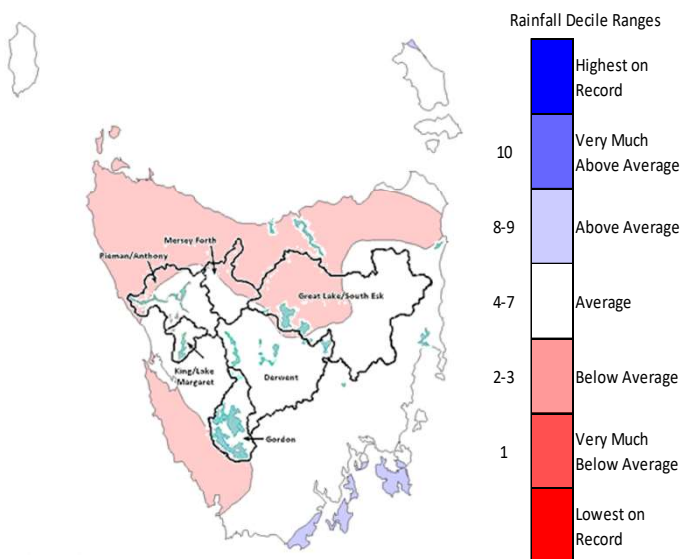
Rainfall in Tasmania - October 2023

Rainfall during October 2023 was average in Hydro Tasmania's western catchments and average to below average in the Mersey Forth and Great Lake/South Esk catchments. Rainfall across Tasmania was 18 per cent below average during October 2023. The mean maximum temperature in October 2023 was 0.32°C above average.

Three month forecast

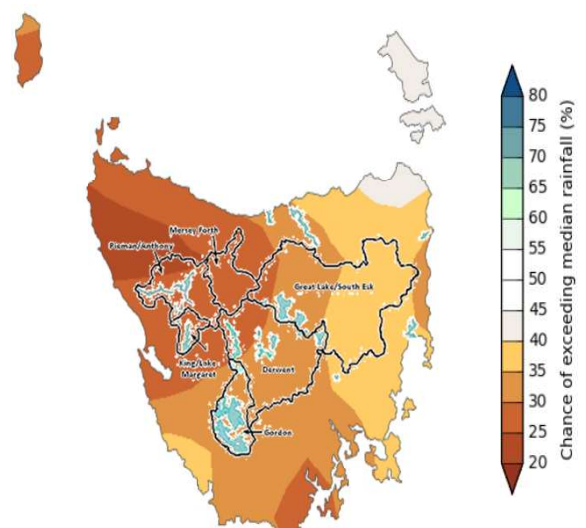
The Bureau of Meteorology's three month climate outlook for November 2023 to January 2024, issued on 2 November 2023, indicates that Hydro Tasmania's catchments are unlikely to receive above median rainfall.

Monthly rainfall deciles for Tasmania 1 October 2023 - 31 October 2023



Source: Bureau of Meteorology, Monthly Climate Summary for Tasmania.

Likelihood of exceeding the median rainfall November 2023 to January 2024



Source: Bureau of Meteorology, Monthly Climate Outlook.

Disclaimer: This report has been prepared in good faith using information sourced from NEM Review™ and the Australian Bureau of Meteorology, with additional data provided by Hydro Tasmania. The Office of the Tasmanian Economic Regulator assumes no liability as to the reliability and accuracy of the information provided.